



The Future of NWS Hydrologic Services

Meeting America's Water Resource Information Needs

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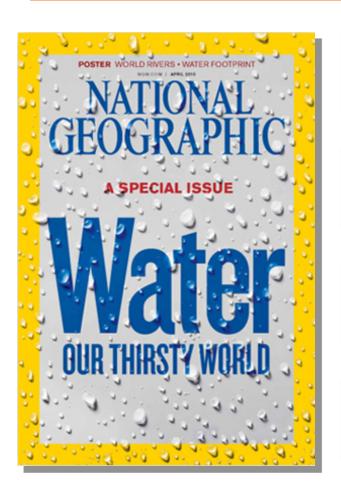
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2010 – Montana Hydrology Workshop



The Global Water Imperative





Protect Life and Property Floods and droughts cause more U.S. economic losses than any other type of natural disaster

Support Economic Security

 Water has always been a critical component in the success of any economic endeavor

Protect Health and Environment

 Water is the lifeblood of this planet

Mitigate Escalating Risk

Triple Threat: Scarcity and floods, climate change, and aging infrastructure

"Nearly half of the streams and lakes in the U.S. are not clean enough to sustain swimming and fishing and our infrastructure has been given a D grade"



Water Issues: Too Much, Too Little, Poor Quality





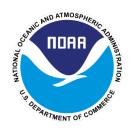






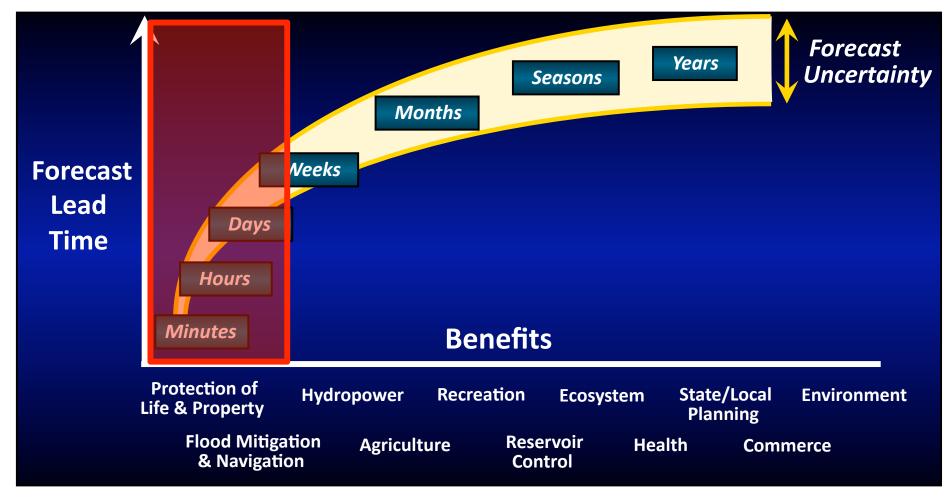


- New strategic plans for NOAA and NWS recognize decision-makers in all water management sectors need:
 - Higher resolution information in space and time
 - Quantification of uncertainty to manage risk
- Water resource challenges are significant and getting bigger:
 - Population growth and economic development are stressing water supplies and increasing vulnerability
 - A changing climate is impacting water availability and quality
 - Socio-economic risks of floods and droughts are escalating
- Growing needs for water resource forecasts:
 - Soil moisture for agriculture and forest management
 - Low flow for maintaining water supply
 - Water temperature and salinity forecasts for fisheries management and healthy ecosystems



Water Forecasting Challenges







Collaborating for a Sustainable Water Future





- National stakeholder needs assessment included 50 states and 12 Federal agencies (2009)
- Revealed broad need for a Federal Tool Box for water resources

12 Assessment Agencies:

- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- U.S. Forest Service
- Natural Resources Conservation Service
- Army Corps of Engineers
- Environmental Protection Agency
- Federal Emergency Management Agency
- Bureau of Land Management
- Bureau of Reclamation
- Fish and Wildlife Service
- National Park Service
- U.S. Geological Survey
- Tennessee Valley Authority

Primary Roles:

- Prediction
- Monitoring
- Science
- Management
- Conservation
- Regulation
- Protection
- Mitigation
- Restoration
- Response
- Recovery



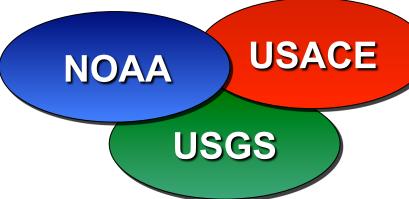
Integrated Water Resources Science and Services Partnering & Leveraging



 NOAA is leading the multi-agency IWRSS consortium to:

> Prototype the Federal Tool Box for water resources

- Streamline access to Federal water resource capabilities
- Share technology, information, models, best practices
- Develop interoperable tools
- Create a Common Operating Picture







Community Hydrologic Prediction System

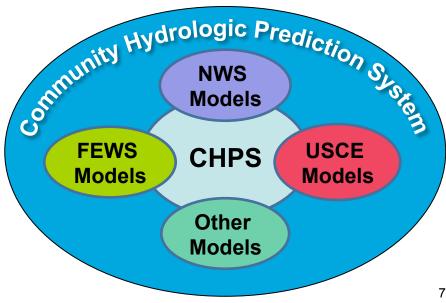


Flexible, open modeling architecture *linking* program elements

- Modular software to enhance collaboration and accelerate R2O
- Extension of the Flood Early Warning System (FEWS) architecture:
 - Incorporates NWS models with models from other Water Agencies, Corps of Engineers, USGS, and Academia

Implementation Status:

- Conducting parallel operations by early 2011
- Retire legacy system in early 2012





Integrated Water Forecasting Program No Longer Just River/High Waters



NOAA's Role: Provide accurate and reliable water forecasts (where, when, and how much)

Rivers and Floods

Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service

Traditional Focus

Coasts, Lakes and Estuaries

Coast, Estuary, River Information Services

•New Focus

Water Resources

Integrated Water
Resources Science and
Services

Community Hydrologic Prediction System (CHPS)

Objective 1

Reduce 1-7 day river forecast errors and quantify uncertainty

Objective 3

Couple modeling systems for rivers, lakes and estuaries

Objective 4

Deliver seamless, high resolution water quantity and quality forecasts

Objective 2

Provide flood inundation forecast maps for highimpact communities

Objective 5

Advance and integrate observing systems to improve QPE and QPF



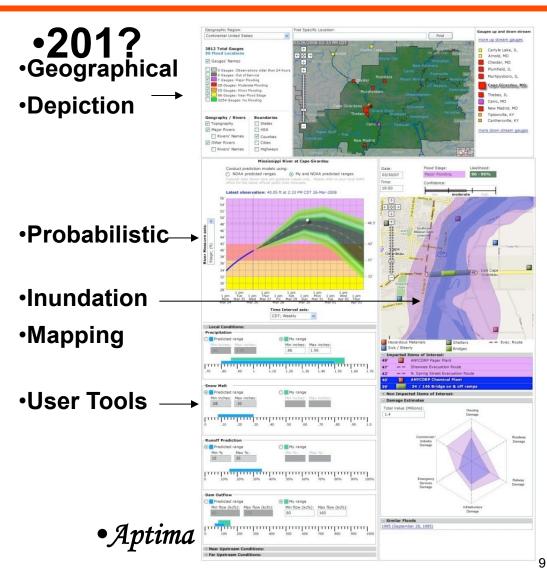
Forecast Product Evolution



HYDROLOGIC SUMMARY NATIONAL WEATHER SER 137 PM CDT THU JUN 1		MOINES	IÀ			4
137 PM CDI IHO JON I	2 2008					
HOURLY RIVER STAGES						
LOCATION	ID	BF	FS		6HR 6	OBS TIME(LCL)
OONE RIVER						
JEBSTER CITY	WBCI4	9.0	12.0	14.15	-0.23	13:00
ST FORK DES MOINES	RIVER					
LGONA						
KOTA CITY	DAKI4	0.0	20.0	16.43	0.04	13:00
ST FORK DES MOINES	RIVER					
STHERVILLE	ESVI4	6.0	7.0	8.13	0.04	13:00
METSBURG	EMTI4	10.0	10.0	8.23	0.28	13:00
UMBOLDT	HBTI4	0.0	8.0	9.07	-0.09	13:15
S MOINES RIVER						
ORT DODGE	FOD14	0.0	10.0	10.70	-0.17	13:00
TRATFORD	STRI4	14.0	14.0	23.08	-0.27	13:00
AYLORVILLE TAIL						
D AVE DES MOINES						
ES MOINES SE 6TH						
	TRCI4					
TTUMWA	OTMI4	8.0	10.0	12.96	0.58	13:00

•2010







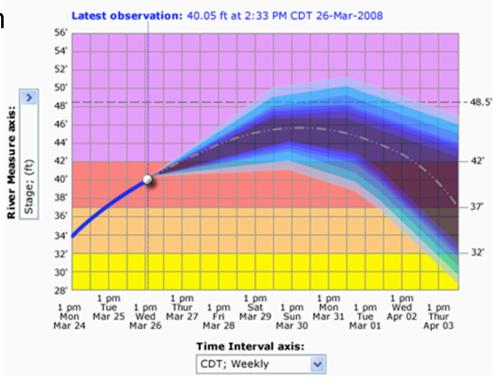
Advanced Hydrologic Prediction Service



Probabilistic information to support risk-based decisions

- Seamless short- to long-term
- Hydrologic Ensemble
- Forecast Service

 Incorporates both atmospheric and hydrologic uncertainties

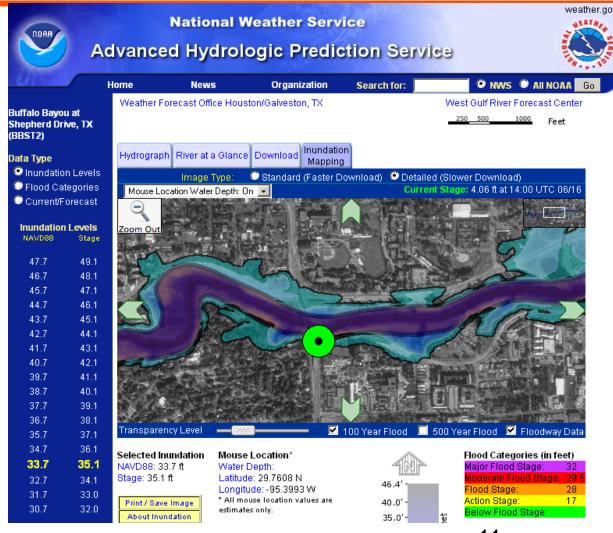




NOAA NWS Flood Inundation Mapping



- User Tools tied to NWS river forecast locations
- •Depicts flooding from minor to historical levels
- •Communities can see potential impacts to the flood-prone areas
- •NOAA is working with FEMA, USGS, and USACE to communicate Flood Risks





National Water Resources Outlook



- Seasonal Water Supply
- Verification
- Data Archives
- Probabilistic Forecasts
- Climate Variability
- Consistency across Country
- Support National Drought Activities
- Supports the Strategic Plans of NOAA and the NWS
- Related to Water Resources





Water Resources Vision 2020



Deliver a broader suite of improved water services to support management of the Nation's Water Supply



Provide resources and training to:

- Enable River Forecast Centers to run high-resolution models and produce gridded forecasts of streamflow, salinity, and soil moisture
- Expand role of the Weather Forecast Offices to help local decision makers to use enhanced water forecasts, and function as decision-support experts for high-impact flood, drought, and water quality events